

RELIGION AND CIVILIZATION IN BATTLE FOR SUPREMACY

MUSSULMAN PIETY VS. WESTERN METHODS

THIS IS REAL CAUSE OF TURKEY BEING ON BRINK OF REVOLUTION.

FOUR HOUR CABINET SESSION

SULTAN DESIRES TO
TAINED AS SOV
OF EMPIRE

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 21.—The conflict between Mussulman piety and the political ideas of the west has brought the Turkish people to the verge of civil war.

Zeal for the faith has been unloosed and the adjustment of the sultan's relations to the committee of union and progress probably will only postpone the armed struggle between the believers in the ancient teachings of the prophets and those urging the teachings of western Europe.

The cabinet debated the situation for four hours today, giving especial attention to the negotiations that the ministers have taken in hand on behalf of the sultan with the military members of the committee.

The sultan's primary demand is to remain the constitutional sovereign, with all the spiritual powers of caliphate and a liberal allowance for his household. The demand of the committee is that the sultan offer no resistance whatever and submit unconditionally.

Tewfik Pasha, grand vizier, has undertaken negotiations for a compromise. The grand vizier and his cabinet are prepared to resign if the committee asks their withdrawal.

The committee is without definite limits, and the adherents are divided among themselves. The radical faction insists there be no compromise. The sultan must be deposed and a reasonable prince, for instance Yussuf Izzeddin, named as his successor; the whole administration be cleaned; no promise of Abdul Hamid's can be trusted, and to re-establish the system of ten days ago would be to settle nothing.

The conservatives declare the deposition of the sultan will be possible only after severe fighting; that it is uncertain whether troops under control of the committee would uphold such an act with bayonets; that the wavering soldiers of the first army corps, numbering 25,000 to 30,000, would be inflamed and break into open revolt, and that to demand too much means failure of all.

Eligion a Factor.

Since the investing army has drawn nearer the city, numerous agents of the Mohammedan League—ardent young men, theological students and junior members of the clergy—have penetrated the lines, pointing out to the men that it was their duty to Allah to rid themselves of their officers, who were no better than Ghouls, who scorned the sacred law of the Koran and openly argued that the law was devised by one archdevil Napoleon, and sought to be substituted for the sacred law in all courts. The agitators pointed out that the officers had succeeded in imposing these wicked laws upon the civil courts and now wanted to apply them to the persons of the faithful.

Hedjias Imprisoned.

Three days ago two Hedjias were caught among the troops, beaten and turned out of camp. The following day thirty of them were imprisoned. Yesterday the camps were overrun by proselyting zealots. Scores were arrested, and today ten were shot by order of court-martials.

The demeanor of the soldiers within the city is respectful. They salute their officers cheerfully and have resumed their regular drill.

Council ministers have drafted a proclamation which will be published this evening. It denies the rumors of discussions between the troops of the investing army and says the measures were adopted for general security.

The council debated upon the advisability of proclaiming a state of siege in Constantinople with a view of facilitating the occupation of the city by the Saloniki army.

The men-of-war ships have taken the oath of allegiance in accordance with the demand of the investing force, and the fleet is now under orders to sail for Mediterranean maneuvers.

CUSTOMS COURT APPROVED BY SENATE COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—The senate committee on finance virtually perfected an amendment to the tariff bill today providing for a customs court to hear cases appealed from the board of appraisers.

The court will consist of three members, each to receive \$10,000 a year. Headquarters will be in the New York district, but the court may sit in any other of the eight districts whenever required.

REFUSES AMBASSADORSHIP.
TACOMA, April 21.—A special from New York says Harvey W. Scott has declined the ambassadorship to Mexico, preferring to remain with the Oregonian.

Henry L. Wilson, now minister to Belgium, will probably be promoted to the Mexican post.

PASSING OF BIRDS TAKEN AS ILL OMEN

SUPERSTITIOUS DAUGHTERS OF
REVOLUTION CONFOUNDED AT
DEATH OF SPARROWS.

"DOVES OF PEACE" NO MORE

CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT IN
HOT BATTLE FOR VOTES
OF DELEGATES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—On the eve of the ballot for officers of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the contestants are concentrating their forces on Mrs. Scott of Illinois, and Mrs. Story of New York, rival candidates, and are confident of the outcome.

A dramatic feature of today's meeting was the frank statement of Miss Jeanette Richardson, the official reader, that she alone was responsible for the "blunder" of last night that had placed Mrs. Story, Mrs. McLean and the congress in an awkward position, and resulted in the refusal of the president-general to recognize Mrs. Story in order to submit her report as regent of New York.

The superstitious ones are predicting tonight all sorts of dire happenings for tomorrow and all because the English sparrows which had infested the hall since the congress convened have been destroyed.

During the afternoon recess men armed with air rifles picked off, one by one, the "little doves of peace" as they had been known, and their merry chirps sounded no more. No official was willing to admit that she gave the execution order.

The day's events were brought to a close in honor of the Daughters by the Sons of the American Revolution.

DEATH AND DESTRUCTION IN PATH OF OHIO TORNADO

THREE KILLED AND MILLION DOLLAR LOSS OF PROP- ERTY SUFFERED

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 21.—Six persons were killed, nine perhaps fatally hurt, at least fifty less seriously injured and \$1,000,000 worth of property destroyed by a tornado that swept through Cleveland and northern Ohio today. The dead:

JASPER CROMWELL, blown from a train near the Cleveland Furnace company.

MRS. OLIVE PHALEN, nurse, skull crushed by a falling stone.

JOSEPH VESSLA, killed by a falling smokestack.

LOUIS PETRO, crushed by falling roof.

JOSEPH GRUGEL, committed suicide during the height of the storm because he was afraid he was about to be killed. He rushed into a barn and drank carbolic acid.

Unidentified woman, blown into a

SENSATION COMING IN REGARD TO PAGE BILL

PHOENIX, April 21.—THE GRAND JURY NOW SITTING HAS TAKEN STEPS TO EXPOSE A SUSPECTED SCANDAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE RECENT SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE, HAVING UNDER CONSIDERATION THE INDICTMENT OF UNKNOWN PERSONS FOR AN ATTEMPT TO BRIBE CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE IN CONNECTION WITH THE PAGE LOCAL OPTION BILL.

IT WAS LEARNED TODAY THAT F. A. SUTER OF BISBEE, ASSEMBLYMAN FROM COCHISE COUNTY, WAS SUBPOENAED TO APPEAR TO TESTIFY, AND SUBPOENAS WERE ISSUED FOR ST. CHARLES OF KINGMAN, COUNCILMAN FROM MOHAVE COUNTY, AND WILLIAM MORGAN, THE HORRUCK COUNCILMAN, OF NAVAJO COUNTY, IT IS BELIEVED WERE SERVED TO DAY.

THE INQUIRY IS BASED ON STATEMENTS OF ST. CHARLES, WHO VOTED FOR THE BILL.

BASEBALL

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—	R. H. E.
St. Louis	4 7 3
Cincinnati	5 11 1
Batteries: Rhodes, Beebe and Breenahan; Karger, Dube, Ragon, Gasper, Roth and McLean.	
Philadelphia-Boston postponed; rain.	

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston—	R. H. E.
Boston	6 6 1
Philadelphia	2 5 7
Batteries: Chech and Spencer; Plank, Schleitzer and Lapp.	
New York-Washington postponed.	
Chicago-Detroit postponed; rain.	
St. Louis-Cleveland postponed; rain.	

COAST LEAGUE.

At Los Angeles—	R. H. E.
Vernon	1 3 3
San Francisco	6 15 0
Batteries: Easterly and Berry; Hitt and Kinkel.	
At Portland—	R. H. E.
Sacramento	1 2 0
Portland	0 5 2
Batteries: Tosier and Orendorf; Seaton and Murray.	
Sacramento 5, Oakland 6; thirteen innings. Batteries: Brown and Byrnes; Tenneson and Lewis.	

ARIZONA FALLS DEAD.

LOS ANGELES, April 21.—William Klase, aged 80 years, who came to Los Angeles from his home in Winslow, Arizona, fell dead on the street today, presumably of heart failure.

Klase was accompanied by his son, who is employed on the Santa Fe at Winslow.

TURBULENT DAY IN CALHOUN TRIAL YESTERDAY

FORMER SUPERVISOR GALLAGHER
OCCUPIES STAND THROUGH
STORMY SESSION.

ATTORNEYS IN WAR OF WORDS

JUDGE LAWLOR TIME AFTER TIME
THREATENS LAWYERS WITH
TERMS IN JAIL.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—After a vigorous and searching cross examination prolonged throughout the entire day, James L. Gallagher, chief witness of the prosecution in the case against Patrick Calhoun, was still engaged in a battle of witnesses with A. A. Moore, chief counsel for the defense, who was defending stoutly his account of the payment of \$4,000 to F. P. Nicholas, former supervisor, alleged to have been offered a bribe by the president of the United Railroads.

A series of quarrels between Moore and Heney of the prosecution made the session a turbulent one, and Judge Lawlor repeatedly warned the warring attorneys that they would be punished for contempt of court if they did not refrain from personalities.

Moore's entire examination was intended to show that Gallagher, in the twelve times he had previously recited this story of the supervisors' corruption, had never mentioned an occasion upon which he had made the direct offer of a bribe to Nicholas. Mr. Moore proceeded to ascertain Gallagher's views as an attorney regarding the validity of the immunity contract given him on behalf of himself and the other members of the board. The witness declared that his construction of supreme court decisions was the basis of his belief that the contract could not be revoked by the prosecution as long as the former supervisors continued to tell the truth regarding the bribes.

"The immunity contract calls on no member of the board to do more than tell the truth," he said. "If they had revoked the agreement I would have invoked the aid of courts and I felt the injustice of such a course would not have been upheld."

Heney took angry exception to a remark by Moore, and Judge Lawlor, attempting to head off an approaching storm, said:

"Don't get excited, Mr. Heney. I am not excited," said the attorney for the state, "but Moore appears incorrigible, and if there is no way to stop him except by my going to jail, I will go to jail."

"After you, Heney," said Moore, "let me go to jail first."

"You have no right to say anything of that sort," interposed Judge Lawlor sharply, "and your request may be granted."

Before the hour of adjournment, Moore had again fallen under Judge Lawlor's displeasure and on this occasion he apologized, promising not to transgress the orders of the court, though he had to restrain himself to the simplest of questions.

At the close of the day Gallagher was asked:

"Will you feel yourself bound to remember some other supervisor to whom you made a direct offer of a bribe if another official of the United Railroads is placed on trial? Do you not think the prosecution would be likely to do things to you if your memory should fail in this respect?"

"I do not believe anything would be done to me," said Gallagher. "Not if they believed I was telling the truth as I remember it. It might be awkward for the prosecution if they had not looked into their case with proper care."

STORM IN TEXAS.

FORTH WORTH, April 21.—A heavy wind and rain storm swept over the north of Texas last night and early today. Several towns report residences and smaller buildings wrecked.

Barber Arrested for Black Hand Letters

DENVER, April 21.—Charles Frost, a Denver barber, was arrested today on a charge of using the mails for black hand purposes.

It is alleged that Frost wrote the threatening letters to J. B. Markoe, a wealthy stock raiser living near Gilman, Mo., demanding that he place \$10,000 in a certain safety deposit vault in Denver as a ransom for his three children now attending school in Kansas City. Unless the demand was met, the letter, which was postmarked Kansas City, declared the children would be murdered. Secret service men located Frost here. He is being held on \$3,000 bail.

Copper Maker's Encouraging Forecast of Coming Season

EXPECTS HIGHER MARKET AND GREAT EXPANSION IN USE OF RED METAL

That conditions throughout the east will soon create a demand for copper that will put that metal back on a scale of prices which will make its manufacture a thing of profit, is the opinion of N. L. Amster.

"As far as I can determine," said Mr. Amster to the Silver Belt yesterday, "conditions throughout the east are showing a decided improvement."

"Building in all its branches is brisk and in the electrical world in particular there is an increase in activity."

"The demand for copper for use in all lines of electrical work is bound to

send this metal to a higher price within a short time. Its use is increasing constantly and the ratio between supply and demand is bound to affect the price before many months."

"I have heard considerable talk of late to the effect that aluminum will eventually replace copper in electrical work. A statement to that effect is the statement of a man who is un-informed."

"Aluminum can never replace copper for use in electrical equipment. In the first place, copper alone is suitable for some classes of work and in the second place, so much energy is required to produce aluminum that it would be utterly impossible to manufacture enough of the metal to supply the demand now existing for copper. It requires much electrical energy to produce a given amount of aluminum and barring all its defects as a conductor of electricity, it could never take the place of copper in the electrical world."

SENATE CONSIDERS TARIFF BILL BY SECTIONS

EIGHTEEN PAGES OF PAYNE BILL
DISPOSED OF IN DAY'S
PROCEEDINGS.

CHEMICAL RATE PASSED OVER

DINGLEY DRAWBACK FEATURE IS
LIKELY TO BE RECOM-
MENDED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Substantial progress was made by the senate today in considering the tariff bill. No senator being prepared to speak on the bill as a whole, the reading of the measure by paragraphs began. The various items in the chemical schedules were passed over for future consideration.

The reading was frequently interrupted by the discussion of amendments and only eighteen pages of the bill were disposed of. Senator Cummins presented his income tax provision and discussed it at length.

At 5 p. m. the senate went into executive session and at 5:15 p. m. adjourned.

DINGLEY DRAWBACK FEATURE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—The senate committee on finance will, according to a statement made in the senate today by Senator Aldrich, probably recommend the Dingley law provision regarding drawbacks in place of the Payne bill paragraph on that subject. The question came up in connection with a question by Senator Nelson as to what disposition had been made for the provision.

Senator Aldrich said that every member of the committee opposed the house provision eliminating the identification clause of the existing law.

CUMMINS INTRODUCES INCOME TAX MEASURE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—Senator Cummins introduced today his amendment to the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill, providing for a graduated income tax which he believes would produce \$40,000,000 revenue. Mr. Cummins pointed out that it differs in some important particulars from either the law of 1894 or the amendment offered by Senator Bailey. It exempts incomes below \$5,000 and authorizes the deduction of that amount from every dutiable income.

The rate provided for is as follows: Upon incomes not exceeding \$10,000, 2 per cent; not exceeding \$20,000, 2½ per cent; not exceeding \$40,000, 3 per cent; not exceeding \$60,000, 3½ per cent; not exceeding \$80,000, 4 per cent; not exceeding \$100,000, 5 per cent; upon all incomes exceeding \$100,000, 6 per cent.

The duty is to be levied only upon individual incomes. Senator Cummins treats corporations as mere instrumentalities for individual profit and the chief reason for not including corporations is that to put a tax on the income of corporations or to tax stockholders would not reach \$5,000, is precisely as though they had dutiable incomes.

This would be the result with a flat rate. The amendment proposed by Cummins provides further that all corporations shall make reports showing gross and net earnings and amounts paid as interest and dividends and the person to whom payments are made and also the names of all officers or employees receiving \$5,000 a year or more.

DRESSMAKERS WILL BE STOPPED FROM SMUGGLING

ILLICIT OPERATORS HAVE BEEN
ROBBING GOVERNMENT FOR
MANY YEARS.

PECULATIONS MILLION A YEAR

COLLECTOR LOEB OFFERED QUAR-
TEE MILLION TO DISCON-
TINUE SURVEILLANCE.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The smuggling operations which have been conducted at the port of New York by means of trunks left upon the steamship piers until they could be removed without detection, are now alleged to have been carried by a firm of importers of dressmakers supplies of this city.

The firm, which has an office in Paris, is said to have acted as a clearing house in this country for American dressmakers all over the country who received the goods so smuggled by the payment of 15 per cent instead of 60 per cent in customs duties. It is understood proceedings will be instituted against these dressmakers. The goods were sent to the Paris office of the smuggling firm in the initials of the ultimate purchasers in America. It is stated that several special agents of the customs house in this city were ordered to be dismissed a few days ago.

The firm in question is understood to be one of a dozen firms which have been engaged in the illicit traffic for a year, through which the government suffered a loss amounting to a million dollars a year. It was in connection with the investigation of these cases that an offer of \$200,000 recently was made to Collector Loeb to discontinue the investigations and surrender the smuggled goods which were seized within the last few weeks.

BIG SALES COPPER REPORTED FROM NEW YORK

SAID THAT AMALGAMATED HAS
ENTERED MARKET AS LARGE
PURCHASERS.

Some heavy purchases of copper are reported from the east. It is rumored on what is said to be good authority that some directors of the amalgamated Copper company purchased 50,000,000 pounds of copper at 12½ cents, from companies other than Amalgamated, selling through the United Metals Selling company. It is also understood that the National Conduit & Cable company, one of the largest consumers of copper in the United States, has purchased quite heavily of the metal. Its purchases a few weeks ago called for \$1,400,000, since which time it has purchased \$500,000 additional, making a total of \$1,900,000 expended for copper, which would represent the purchase of about 15,000,000 pounds.

JUSTICES NAMED

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of Aloysius I. McCormick to be United States attorney for the Southern district of California, and Ira Abbott to be assistant justice of the supreme court of New Mexico.

SALT LAKE PEOPLE COMPLAINING OF HIGH RATES

SAY HARRIMAN HAS RESPECT FOR
NO LAW EXCEPT FEDERAL
STATUTES.

ROADS IMMENSELY PROFITABLE

ALLEGED THAT RATES TO SALT
LAKE ARE HIGHER THAN
TO THE COAST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21.—President Taft today took up for investigation and promised to act at once on a complaint filed with him alleging that western railroads are discriminating against Salt Lake City, Ogden and other inter-mountain cities in the matter of freight rates and are violating the anti-trust laws. The charges were made by Senators Smoot and Sutherland and Representative Howell, all of Utah. They asked that the matter be taken up by the department of justice rather than by the interstate commerce commission.

The papers filed alleged that Harriman shows no respect for any law but federal. The papers declare the Harriman lines are enormously profitable and include a petition from commercial bodies in Utah saying discrimination has been carried on for many years and the roads have steadily increased rates and eliminated competition. Higher rates, it is said, are being charged for freight from Chicago, Missouri river points and Denver to the Utah territory than for the much longer haul to the Pacific coast.

The roads specified are the Southern Pacific, the Union Pacific, the Oregon Short Line, Oregon Railroad & Navigation company, the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake, the Denver & Rio Grande, Missouri Pacific, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.

It is stated that on cocoa beans the rate per car from Chicago to Utah is \$594, while for the same car all the way to San Francisco, the charge is only \$255. On a car of nails from Chicago to Utah the rate is \$440 and from Chicago to San Francisco only \$230.

On a car of printing paper the rate from Chicago to Utah is \$420 and to San Francisco only \$300.

NINE HOUR LAW IS CONFIRMED BY LANDIS

CASE CAME UP ON CONSTRUCTION
OF PROVISIONS OF HOURS
OF LABOR LAW.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Judge Landis, in the United States district court here today in the test case against the Santa Fe railroad in the nine-hour law governing telegraphers, upheld the law. The contention between the government and the railroad is as to what the law means. The Santa Fe employed two operators who by the expedient of a three-hour rest in the midst of twelve hour tricks really performed actual labor only nine hours each day.

The government alleges that this constituted a violation of the law. Judge Landis admitted that the construction of the statute was open to question and by agreement of counsel, the defendant was allowed to plead guilty and was fined \$100. The decision will be appealed, as the case is the first one started under the "hours of labor" law.

Prize Fighting in Fair Against the Law

SEATTLE, Wash., April 21.—When asked about the proposition to pull off the Jeffries-Johnson fight in Seattle this summer, President J. E. Chilberg of the Alaska-Yukon exposition declared that he will permit no prize fighting at the fair and that under the state law he can easily prevent such exhibits. The sheriff declared prize fighting will not be permitted in King county. Mayor Miller makes a similar declaration concerning the city.

SHINGLES GO UP.

VANCOUVER, April 21.—British Columbia shingles advanced in price 10 cents today. The increase has been expected for the last three weeks by the trade, owing to the fact that the mills have for over a month been inundated with orders.